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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/520,520	01/07/2005	Hiroshisa Tanaka	71465.00011	9264
57362 AKERMAN SE	7590 11/18/200 ENTERFITT	8	EXAMINER	
801 PENNSYL	VANIA AVENUE N.	W.	D'ANIELLO, NICHOLAS P	
SUITE 600 WASHINGTON, DC 20004			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1793	
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			11/18/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.		Applicant(s)	
	10/520,520	TANAKA ET AL.	
	Examiner	Art Unit	

	Nicholas P. D'Aniello	1793	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED <u>03 November 2008</u> FAILS TO PLACE THIS	APPLICATION IN CONDITION F	OR ALLOWANCE.	
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appetor Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 C periods:	replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit eal (with appeal fee) in compliance	t, or other evidence, w with 37 CFR 41.31; or	hich places the (3) a Request
a) The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire to Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f)	dvisory Action, or (2) the date set forth interthan SIX MONTHS from the mailing b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE	g date of the final rejection FIRST REPLY WAS FIL	n. .ED WITHIN TWO
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date of have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extunder 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL	ension and the corresponding amount of hortened statutory period for reply original for replacements or repla	of the fee. The appropria nally set in the final Offic	ate extension fee e action; or (2) as
2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exter Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed wi	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the	
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, be a considered and amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, be a considered amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, be a considered and a considered amendment and a cons	nsideration and/or search (see NOTw); ter form for appeal by materially rec	E below); ducing or simplifying th	
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)). 4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12 5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): 6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s).	 owable if submitted in a separate, t	imely filed amendmer	it canceling the
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) [how the new or amended claims would be rejected is prov The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: 1, 3-7 and 9-11. Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE		l be entered and an ex	planation of
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 			
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to of showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary 	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appea and was not earlier presented. Se	ıl and/or appellant fails ee 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1)	s to provide a
 The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation <u>REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER</u> 	n of the status of the claims after er	ntry is below or attach	ed.
 The request for reconsideration has been considered but <u>See Continuation Sheet.</u> 	does NOT place the application in	condition for allowand	ce because:
12. ☐ Note the attached Information <i>Disclosure Statement</i>(s). (13. ☐ Other:	PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)		
/Jessica L. Ward/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1793			

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because:

Applicant arguments are not persuasive. Specifically:

In response to applicant's argument that the references fail to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e., the catalyst produced has noble metals that are supported on the perovskite-type composite oxide only) are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See In re Van Geuns, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993).

Solely to clarify a misunderstanding on page 9 of the remarks, the mixture recited in the claim does not necessarily have to be precrystalline during the heat treatment; the claim only requires mixing the pre-crystalline composition of the perovskite-type oxide and noble metal with the alumina to form the mixture. In other words, this does not preclude a heating step prior to the heat treatment that would cause crystallization. It is noted that the claim recites "subjecting the mixture to heat treatment" and not subjecting the pre-crystallization mixture to heat treatment.

As noted in the previous rejection (see the response to arguments) Yoshiyuki does not contain a noble metal during the preparing of the pre-cystallization composition. However, as also previously asserted in the rejection, it would have been obvious to use a pre-crystalline composition including a noble metal with the perovskite type oxide because Kaneko et al. teach a similar method of making a catalyst where a noble metal is included with the un-crystallized perovskite-type oxide, and the method yields a durable catalyst for oxidizing atmospheres (see paragraph [0037 of Kaneko et al.).

In response to applicant's argument that there is no suggestion to combine the references, Yoshiyuki et al. and Kaneko et al. both relate to methods of making catalysts for use in high temperature oxidizing applications and Kaneko et al. provide a motivation to use his teachings (i.e. to create a durable catalyst).

The inclusion of the noble metals with the perovskite-type oxide would not preclude one from coating with a noble metal such as in the method of Yoshiyuki et al. as asserted by applicant at the bottom of page 10 in the remarks. However, the inclusion of the noble metal during the preparing of the pre-crystallization compound makes the catalyst durable as disclosed by Kaneko et al.

In response to applicant's argument that the process of Yoshiyuki et al. is different than that of applicant, the fact that applicant has recognized another advantage which would flow naturally from following the suggestion of the prior art cannot be the basis for patentability when the differences would otherwise be obvious. See Ex parte Obiaya, 227 USPQ 58, 60 (Bd. Pat. App. & Inter. 1985).

In response to applicant's argument that Nogushi does not make up for the deficiencies and against the reference individually, one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. See In re Keller, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); In re Merck & Co., 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986). The Nogushi reference is used solely to show that alpha alumina is most commonly used because it the most thermally stable form of alumina, therefore the fact that Nogushi does not include a perovskite-type composite oxide containing a noble metal is inconsequential as the rejection is based on a combination of references.